The Columbian Mirror and Alexandria Gazette.

ALEXANDRIA——PRINTED, EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY, BY ELLIS PRICE, AT THE EAST END OF THE MARKET-HOUS.

No. 430.] THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1796. [Vol. IV

Bank of Alexandria,

January 4, 1796.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a Dividend of Seventeen Dollars on each Share of the Capital Stock of the Bank of Alexandria, for the half year ending this day is declared, which will be ready to be paid to the Stockholders or their representatives on Wednesday the 6th inst.

By Order of the President and Directors.

GURDEN CHAPIN, Cash'r.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria, that an election will be held at the Court House in this town on the third Monday in January next, for the purpose of choosing nine directors of said Bank for the ensuing year agreeably to charter.

By Order of the President and Directors.

22 GURDEN CHAPIN, Cashier.

NOTICE is hereby given, That on Thursday the 21st January next, a subscription will be opened at the Court house in this town, under the direction of the President and Directors of the Bank, for an augmentation of Seventeen Hundred and Fifty shares to the capital of the Bank of Alexandria, agreeably to an act of assembly, and continue open for 30 days, or until the whole are subscribed—each share is two hundred dollars and payable in the following manner, viz.

Ten dollars for each share at the time of subscribing—Forty dollars more in sixty days—Twenty-five dollars more in 90 days—Fifty dollars more in 105 days—and Seventy-five dollars more in 165 days from the time of opening the subscription.

By order of the President and Directors,

GURDEN CHAPIN, *Cashier.*

Alex. Dec. 11, '95.

To be sold, at private Sale,

A MERCHANT MILL & PLANTATION, situated on Muddy Run, which empties into the west branch of Octarara Creek, in Oxford Township, Chester County, Pennsylvania, about 25 miles from Christiana Bridge, nearly the same distance from New-Port. The Mill is an over-shot, in good order; with two pair of stones, one being Burrs, the other Cologne; the stream a never failing one, and sufficient to turn four pair of stones: the works have not suffered by the late high freshes.

The plantation contains 300 acres, about 100 of which are cleared, and 25 acres of excellent watered meadow, and more may be made at a small expence; a dwelling-house is erected thereon, a barn and other improvements; a good spring of water near the door—The mill and plantation are now in the tenure of William Reed—the title indisputable. For terms apply to *Joseph Coleman*, Alexandria, or

THOMAS M'KEE,
Wilmington.

N. B. If not sold by the first of February, the Mill will be let on reasonable terms.

Decem.ber 4.

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

WAS stolen from my stable, the 4th of March last, a black MARE, 6 years old, 15 hands high, or thereabouts, with a star in her forehead, and a few days before she was stolen had her right eye beat out with a waggon-whip—Also, on the 29th of December last, was stolen from the same stable a black MARE, 14 years old, well made, in good order, and hath a remarkable scar in her forehead, occasioned, I suppose, by the kick of a horse. She is about 14 hands high. I will give Ten Dollars for each Mare, if brought home, and Eighty Dollars for the Thief or Thieves, if brought to condign punishment.

CHARLES L. BROADWATER.

Jan. 1, 1796.

Thirty Dollars Reward

STOLEN out of the subscriber's stable, the 15th of December last, two MARES—the one a dark bay, big with foal, about 14 hands and a half high, well made, a star in her forehead, a very low carriage, natural pacer, branded on the near shoulder with a stirrup-iron—The other a sorrel Mare, natural trotter, shews something of the blooded breed, has a large star in her forehead, both her sides rubbed by the traces, and has no perceivable brand. Whoever takes up said Mares and delivers them to the subscriber, living in Rockingham County, Virginia, shall receive Ten Dollars for each, and the above reward for the Thief and Mares.

JACOB PRICE.

N. B. The above creatures are supposed to be stolen by two noted Horse Thieves of the name of Wilson.

January 1, 1796.

WHEREAS the Partnership of Darling & Earp is to be dissolved on the 1st day of February next, all those who have any demands against them are desired to bring them in for settlement; and those who are indebted to them are desired to make payment on or before the 1st day of February, 1796.

DARLING & EARP.

Alexandria, Dec. 1, '95.

JOHN NEILL,

At his Store, in Fairfax-Street,

Has yet on Hand

A handsome Assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the Season, together with Soal-Leather, Men and Women's Leather and Satinet Shoes, Sandals and Morocco Slippers, which he will sell low for Cash only

He returns his unfeigned thanks to his Friends and the Public for the liberal encouragement he has received, and bege leave to assure them that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of their custom.

N. B. All Those who are in any ways intebted to him are earnestly requested to come forward and settle their respective balances before the first day of February next, as no longer indulgence will be given.

Alexandria, Jan. 4, 1796.

By virtue of the powers vested in us by an act of the General Assembly of the state of Maryland, entitled, an act for erecting a bridge over the Eastern Branch of Potomac river,

WE do hereby give notice that books will be opened by us in the city of Washington, on the second Monday in February next for receiving and entering subscriptions for shares in the said undertaking.

N. B. The Act is published in the Federal Intelligencer and Baltimore Daily Advertiser.

NOTLEY YOUNG,
Danl. CARROLL of Duddington,
Wm. M. DUNCANSON,
THOMAS LAW,
GEORGE WALKER,

Washington, December 17th, 1795.

The subscriber's property, fronting on Union and extending from Wolfe to Duke-streets,

having suffered material injury by persons digging and carrying sand and dirt therefrom, she hereby gives notice that a trespasser hereafter will be prosecuted.

B. KIRK.

January 1, 1796.

☞ THE Partnership of *Thomas Williams & Joseph Cary*, under the firm of *Williams & Cary*, being this day dissolved, by mutual consent, they earnestly request all those indebted to them will immediately pay their respective balances; and all those who have any demands against them are requested to bring them in for liquidation.

THOMAS WILLIAMS,
JOSEPH CARY.

Alexandria, December 31, 1795.

☞ The subscriber intends to confine himself to the Commission Business, and will be happy in receiving the Orders of his Friends, assuring them the utmost attention to their interest will be constantly exerted.

T. WILLIAMS.

FOR SALE

A TRACT of LAND, in Fairfax County, about 11 miles from Alexandria, and 12 or 13 from George-Town, containing 2524 acres; the improvements are a two-story house, with two rooms, a large closet and a passage below, and two rooms and a closet above, a kitchen, dairy, stables, barn, &c.—most of them new; also a mill, very conveniently situated for toll, which may be repaired at a trifling expense. There is an orchard of grafted apple trees, of choice kinds. The quality of this land is tolerably good, about one third of it in wood, and a sufficiency of meadow-land; part of which is well taken in timothy. Being desirous of purchasing other lands, I will sell it at the very moderate price of 55*s.* per acre.—Three thousand pounds to be paid on the delivery of possession, and for the balance I will give a credit of three years. It is supposed to be unnecessary to be more particular in the description of this tract, as it is expected any one disposed to purchase will view the premises.

RICHARD FITZHUGH.

Ravensworth, December 23, 1795.

FOR SALE

A Valuable HOUSE & LOT, in the Town of Alexandria, on the upper corner of Fairfax and Princess Streets. I deem it unnecessary to mention the particularss as those who wish to purchase may know them and be shewn the premises, by applying to Mr. *Edward Ramsay*, in said Town, or to the Subscriber, living in Frederick County, Virginia.

REZIN DUVALL.

December 19, 1795

TO BE RENTED,

And immediate possession given,

A Store, Counting-Room and Cellar, in complete order for the reception of goods. For business the stand is equal perhaps to any in Town. For terms apply to the subscriber, three doors above Capt. Jesse Taylor's, on King-Street. EDMUND EDMONDS.

Alexandria, December 29, 1795.

Dr. SKINNER,

Surgeon Dentist to the Dispensary of New York, and Oculist, &c.

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Alexandria and its vicinity, that having concerns at Washington, which will detain him eight or ten days in this neighbourhood, proposes to attend to such applications as may be made for relief in his professional capacity during that time. He transplants, grafts, fixes and sets teeth various ways, in any and every case where they are unfortunately lost, and in such a manner as are warrented to retain the beauty and natural colour of the original teeth, shall be serviceable in mastication, ornamental to the person, and cannot by the strictest inspection be distinguished from those of the natural growth.

DR. SKINNER, is the only operator in America that has any pretension to the art of substituting or setting artificial eyes, and as the deformity occasioned by the lof of an eye is very great, those persons who have been so unfortunate, have now a favourable opportunity of having them replaced in so curious a manner as renders it impossible to distinguish them from the original Eye. To demonstrate to the doubtful, the practicability of this operation, he has prepared or fitted one for the orbits of his own Cranium, which he will chearfully show, (by placing it in his own head) to any person who will do him the honor to call and view it.

SKINNER'S Dentrifice and Anticorbutic Tincture, universally allowed (by those who have experienced their astonishing efficacy) to be superior in preserving, cleansing, and giving the teeth a beautiful whiteness, and eradicating the scurvy in the gums; to any medicine hitherto discovered—for sale at his apartment at the house of Mr. ABERT, near the Market House.

Alex. Dec. 31, '95.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for Sale by

JOHN V. THOMAS,

—Price 3/6—

[Ornamented with a head of General WASHINGTON,]

THE

GENTLEMAN'S POLITICAL ALMANACK,

For the Year

1796.

Containing, besides what is usually found in an almanack—The constitution of the United States and the amendments—The treaty of amity and commerce between the United States and Great-Britain—A list of the Duties payable on Goods, Wares, & Merchandise imported into the United States—List of the officers of the general government and both houses of Congress—Ministerial and consular appointments—Courts of the United States—Remarkable events, &c. &c.

Peter Pindar, on the Hair Powder Tax.
General Washington's Official Letters.
Features of Mr. Jay's Treaty.
American Remembrancer, or an impartial collection of Essays, Resolves, &c. relative to the treaty with G. Britain.
Narrative of the British Embassy to China, in the years 1792, 3, 4—containing the various circumstances of the Embassy, with accounts of the customs and manners of the Chinese, and a description of the country, cities, towns, &c.
The works of Edmund Burke, 3 vols.
Guthrie's Geography improved, 2 vols. quarto.
Robertson's History of America, 2 vols.
Gordon's History of the American Revolution.
Evan's Millwright and Miller's Guide, with a variaty of other Books and

Stationary.

Merchant's account books (to any pattern) continued to be made in the best manner and cheaper than imported ones.

☞ Winterbotham's America, to No. 14, is come to hand—subscribers will please to send for their numbers.

Dec. 15. tf 22.

LUNDIN M'KECHNIE,

STAY, CORSET and HABIT-MAKER,

PHILADELPHIA,

Most respectfully informs the Ladies that he is just arrived here with an elegant assortment of the most fashionable Stays and Corsets, which he will sell on reasonable terms.

Ladies, by directing their orders to him, at Mr. Gadsby's Tavern, will be waited upon at their own houses.

N. B. He cures Crookedness or Distortion of the Spine in young people.

Alexandria, December 31, 1795.

COAL.

3,000 bushels on hand and for sale

By R. HAMILTON.

December 28.

The Columbian Mirror
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

Concluſion of the proceedings in the houſe of Repreſentatives on the 29th ult.

RANDAL'S INTERROGATORY.

Q. By the Speaker—What is your name?
A. Robert Randal.
The clerk then read the charge.
Q. Do you admit or deny this charge?
A. I obſerve the charge;—beg ſome indulgence to ſtate my vindication. I am not prepared to anſwer.
Q. How long do you aſk to anſwer?
A. Till the day after to-morrow.
Mr. Harper wiſhed that till to-morrow 12 o'clock ſhould be allowed.
Mr. Blount perſiſted in his objection to any delay. It might give birth to injurious ſuſpicions out of doors.
The priſoner was ordered to withdraw, under the cuſtody of the ſerjeant at arms.
A debate then enſued on the propriety or impropriety of allowing any delay.
Mr. Goodhue conceived that it could require no time for the man to anſwer whether he was guilty or not guilty.
Mr. Kitchell was of opinion that he ſhould now declare whether guilty or not guilty, time could then be given before his examination.
Mr. Hillhouſe held the ſame opinion. He could not be at a loſs to anſwer to guilty or not guilty. It would bear an unfavorable appearance to give him time to anſwer that; it might be ſaid then, that time was given to concert meaſures. It was uſual in common caſes even before a juſtice of peace to interrogate a perſon ſuſpected as ſoon as arreſted, and no time was then given to prepare anſwers to ſuch interrogatories.
Mr. Harper ſaid he believed he felt as much for the dignity of the houſe and his perſonal dignity as any member, but he believed that dignity would be better conſulted by proceeding with diſcretion and good temper, than with precipitancy.
It is propoſed, that the priſoner ſhall be called on without time for conſideration to declare whether he is guilty or not; is when if he confeſſes himſelf guilty of having offered the contempt to the houſe, this confeſſion is a conviction and puniſhment muſt immediately follow. When a perſon accuſed or ſuſpected is brought before a juſtice of the peace the caſe is widely different; the queſtion then is only whether there be ſufficient cauſe for his commitment; the trial follows, when any thing he has ſaid previous to his commitment cannot be brought in evidence againſt him on the trial. But the preſent caſe is widely different a confeſſion would lead to inſtant conviction and puniſhment.
He inſiſted, that as in this buſineſs the houſe were in fact judges in their own caſe they ſhould more ſcrupulouſly avoid any forms, that might claſh with the uſual modes of proceeding and infringe on the rights of the citizen.
Another conſideration aroſe in his mind. Suppoſing the priſoner refuſed to anſwer interrogatories immediately, would the houſe forthwith puniſh him for contumacy, without allowing him any time to reflect upon his ſituation and determine whether he can deny the charge, or whether he ſhall confeſs and throw himſelf on the mercy of the houſe.
He further remarked, that in a court of juſtice, when interrogatories were proper to be put, time was always given to the priſoner to anſwer.
Mr. Venable wiſhed the utmoſt juſtice done to the perſon charged. He ſaw no injury that could ariſe from delay. For his part he would rather run the hazard of injurious ſuſpicions being caſt, than that the priſoner ſhould not have ample juſtice done him.
Mr. Claibourne inclined to the ſame opinion.
The queſtion was then put whether the priſoner ſhould now be required to anſwer to the charge and loſt 42 to 48.
To-morrow at 12 o'clock was then appointed for the priſoner to anſwer.
The interrogatory propoſed by Mr. Blount then came in the view of the houſe; in favor of which it was chiefly contended, that as the charge of corrupt practices had been publicly exhibited againſt an indefinite portion of the houſe; though through ſo impure a channel as the allegation of the priſoner,—it was neceſſary that the matter ſhould be ſifted in the ſame public manner.
Againſt the propriety of the interrogatory, it was urged that ſuch a charge from ſo foul a ſource ſhould not receive the appearance of being worthy of notice by any ſerious attention on the part of the houſe. A conviction was expreſſed, that the priſoner had undoubtedly made the aſſertion of 30 or 40 members having been ſecured to ſupport the ſcheme only as a decoy to allude thoſe ſpoken to.
Other grounds of objection were taken; and it was finally modified nearly in the following words:
That the petitioner (R. R.) is further charged with having declared that a number of members of this houſe, not leſs than 30 had engaged or were engaged to ſupport the memorial or application, or words to that effect.
This was agreed to.—R. Randal was then brought to the bar, the additional charge read, and be notified to be ready to anſwer to-morrow at 12 o'clock.
It was then moved, that C. Whitney be brought to the bar. It was alſo moved to adjourn. This laſt motion was loſt, and Whitney ordered to the bar.
Q. What is your Name?
A. C. Whitney.
Q. Where are you from?
A. Vermont.
Q. What buſineſs do you follow?
A. I was brought up a farmer.
Q. Are you acquainted with one Robert Randal?
A. Yes.
The charge was then read.
Q. Are you guilty or not guilty of the charge?
A. I am not guilty.
Q. When did you come to this city?
A. The beginning of this month.
Q. Where do you reſide here?
A. At the ſign of the green Tree, North Fourth-ſtreet.
Q. Have you ſeen Randal here?
A. A number of times.
Q. What connection have you with Randal?
A. Only aſſociated in a plan of procuring a grant of the lands in queſtion.
Q. Are you prepared to ſtate the outlines of the plan of aſſociation?
A. I can enumerate ſome of the particulars. I have been in the country in queſtion, and meant to apply to the houſe for authority to get the body of lands from the Indians. I have ſome influential connection in that quarter, thro' whom I think a ceſſion by the Indians might be obtained. I thought it would be a good ſcheme for the United States and that I ſhould ſee my private account in it.
Q. What number of acres were there in contemplation?
A. 18 or 20 millions.
Q. Was there any plan formed for dividing it into ſhares?
A. It was propoſed to divide into 40 ſhares
Q. Who were the aſſociates?
A. Col Peyton; Mr. Jones of Maſſachuſetts;—there was no particular agreement; Col. E. Allen of Vermont;—there was no particular arrangement. Randal and I were to be equally concerned in the land; we did not expect to carry it thro' alone, and get perſons concerned who would aſſiſt to carry the buſineſs through.
Q. Did Randal mention to you his deſign of making offers to the members of the houſe?
A. Not directly. He mentioned that he had had ſome converſation with Mr. Smith of (S. C.) and other members, and that he enquired whether it was conſiſtent with their ſituation to enter into a buſineſs of this kind. I did not underſtand that he was to attempt to influence them by any particular gift. What his intentions were however I can't pretend to ſay; I can only anſwer for myſelf.
Q. Were any perſons within the Britiſh lines among your aſſociates?
A. Some people that might conſider themſelves as under Britiſh government tho' within the limits of the United States.
Q. It was ſaid you had the inſtrument of aſſociation?
A. Yes I have.
Q. Have you it with you?
A. No; I believe I have it at my lodgings but am not certain.
Q. Have you any objections to producing it?
A. I don't know that I have any.
Q. You have not mentioned the name of your aſſociates in Detroit.
A. There was Mr. Aſkins, Mr. Robinſon, Mr. Hennis, Mr. Patterſon, Mr. Aſkins, jun.
Q. Are they merchants or traders?—A. Some are.
Q. Indian traders?
A. Yes ſome trade with the Indians.
Q. Do they reſide at Detroit?—A. Yes at Detroit.
Q. With what view did you apply to Mr. Buck.
A. I called on him and introduced the buſineſs. I mentioned that I propoſed to bring it before the houſe; ſtated the ſituation of the lands and the benefits I expected would ariſe from the ſcheme. He ſaid he was unacquainted with the buſineſs. I ſaid I ſhould wiſh to have ſome more people concerned in the buſineſs as it would have greater probability of ſucceeding, and aſked whether he would have any objection to being concerned on paying for his ſhare. He ſaid he did not know any thing about it. I ſaid, I did not want to propoſe any thing improper; but only want ſome aſſociates to aſſiſt in carrying it thro'. If it was conſiſtent with his ſituation it was very well; but if not I did not wiſh to mention it; that I thought it would promote the public good. That I wiſhed to do nothing improper.
Q. Do any of the aſſociates at Detroit bear a Britiſh commiſſion?
A. I believe one, in the civil line of authority. He was called judge; I don't know whether he is a judge now or whether formerly.
Q. To whom does this appply?—A. Judge Aſkins.
Q. Are you acquainted with John Gove?
A. I am. He propoſed to enter into the buſineſs.
Q. Did you propoſe it?—A. I mentioned it.
Q. Why have you ſo long delayed to put in your memorial?
A. I have been rather unwell; I have had a bad cold; and beſides I thought it better to have firſt ſome converſation with different gentlemen; to lay the buſineſs open to them, to explain it before hand and ſhew them the ſituation of the tract of country.
Q. Did Randal tell you he thought it would ſucceed?
A. No. He ſaid ſome people thought that the buſineſs was of ſuch importance as might draw the attention of the houſe.
Q. Did John Gove ſign the aſſociation?—A. No.
Q. Is the paper ſigned by the aſſociates in the weſtern territory.—A. Yes.
Q. Is it ſigned by the men you mentioned?
A. Yes.
Q. Is it ſigned by any men in the ſtates?—A. No.
Q. Have you obtained any aſſociates in this city?
A. No.
M. Livingſton handed to the Speaker a query as follows:
Q. Were any ſhares of land left open or unappropriated between you and your aſſociates, and if ſo for whoſe and what uſe did they remain ſo unappropriated?
There being no objections made to this interrogatory it was put by the Speaker.
A. No. When the buſineſs was firſt tho't of, an aſſociation was formed as I tell you. When the thing was carried through it was intended to take more, a certain diviſion was made but it was not known who ſhould apply. We did not like to mention the matter much at firſt, leaſt, perſons from private views might interfere and get the buſineſs from us [ſupplant us.]
Q. You ſay that ſome ſhares remained open, what number?
A. None would ſtrictly have remained open I could have filled all myſelf.
Q. What proportion was to be yours?
A. I might take as many as I pleaſed.
Q. You ſaid, that you were willing to ſhew the original contract?
A. I don't know, that I have any objection. I will reflect on it. I don't believe it can injure me.
Q. Are you willing to ſhew it?
A. I ſee nothing at preſent to prevent me.
Q. Was John Gove to apply to any members of Congreſs?
He was to ſpeak to ſuch members as he might know to forward the plan.
Q. Is he in Philadelphia?
A. He lodges at the green tree.
The priſoner was then remanded into cuſtody, and ordered to be kept in a ſeparate apartment from Randal.
M. Goodhue mentioned, that the priſoner met him on Thurſday in the ſtreet, introduced himſelf and aſked for a private interview. This was granted him. He opened to Mr. Goodhue his land ſcheme, who mentioned his unacquaintance in thoſe matters, he adviſed him to apply to Colonel Pickering, who was better able to form an opinion on it, telling him, that if he tho't favourable of it, it would be a recommendation with many members of the houſe. He ſaid to Mr. Goodhue nothing of the private part of the buſineſs. He ſhewed him the contract ſigned by about ten or twelve. Mr. Goodhue ſurmiſed, that perhaps he might have explained himſef more fully if Mr. Goodhue had not ſhown a coldneſs about the buſineſs grounded on his unacquaintance in land matters. He offered him no direct or indirect bribe, and unleſs ſome member would lay ſomething to his charge he thought he ought to be releaſed.
Mr. Sedgwick was of this opinion. He did not underſtand the gentleman from Vermont yeſterday to ſay, that Whitney had made any improper offer to him. If there were nothing alledged againſt him, there was injuſtice in confining him any longer.
Mr. Smith (N. J.) obſerved that he had kept bad company at any rate and that a few hours confinement would be no great inconvenience.
Mr. Buck obſerved, that yeſterday he had mentioned a part of the circumſtances of this man's application to him; he could ſtate further facts which would throw more light upon the buſineſs. The priſoner had not communicated the whole. In his interview with him in Vermont, he went as far as to offer unequivocally a bribe, which the priſoner was ready to give the moment he, Mr. Buck choſe to cloſe. He conceived it would not be good policy to break with the man immediately but rather to draw him on to a fuller diſcloſure. He in conſequence told him, that he might call on him in Philadelphia.
Upon this information the priſoner was remanded into cuſtody, directed to be ſuffered to have communication with no one except counſel, and to be kept ſeparate from Randal.
A motion was laid on the table for information relative to duties on imports, &c.

Tueſday December 30.

The journal being read, an addition to it was moved and agreed to, purporting that Charles Whitney was further charged upon the declaration of Mr. Buck with having offered a bribe in land and money.
A petition was read from R. Randal, praying that counſel be allowed him and further reaſonable time for his defence.
After ſuch debate in the houſe on a variety of motions connected with this requeſt, it was finally agreed that the prayer of the petition be granted.
R. Randal was then brought to the bar and informed that the prayer of his petition was granted, and he being aſked what time he deſired for his defence, anſwered till Friday.
Till Friday was granted and he was remanded into the cuſtody of the ſerjeant at arms.
The act of aſſociation in this land ſcheme, the ſpeaker informed was on the clerk's table. It was read.
C. Whitney was then brought to the bar of the houſe.
The additional charge againſt him was read and the ſpeaker aſked what anſwer he made to the ſame. The priſoner denied it.
He was remanded into cuſtody.
After further debate upon the ſteps proper on the ulterior proceeding upon the buſineſs it was finally reſolved, that the committee of privileges ſhould report their opinion thereon. Adjourned.

For Sale,

A Healthy likely young Negro man, about twenty-one years of age, and very ingenious at any thing he is put to, and will make a good tradeſman—Inquire of the Printer. January 4, 1796.

Alexandria, January 7.

Capt. Lincoln, arrived at Boston, 47 days from Limington, England, spoke, off Lands End, brig Margaret of Marblehead, 32 days from Alexandria, for Amsterdam.

FROM THE WEST-INDIES.

Extract of a letter from Captain William Thomson, of the schooner Brothers, belonging to Baltimore, dated St. Pierre's, Martinique, December 12, 1795.

"This place affords nothing but war: On the 8th of this month the troops sailed for Barbadoes, there to join the balance of their fleet, from thence destined to Guadaloupe, in order to capture that island. I am apt to believe they will be deceived, the French, I am informed, are uncommonly strong in that island, and are determined to defend it to the life of the last man. The French on the night of the 9th landed 350 soldiers from St. Lucie, in this Island, which has greatly frustrated the inhabitants here.

They have burned one small town and two sugar estates; the English have sent 540 militia, in order to suppress them, but find themselves greatly disappointed: the French increase in strength daily, negroes flock to them in parties of 50 or 60 at a time, in consequence of which Governor Milles has laid an embargo on all vessels in port; I am sorry to add, those French troops were conveyed here by an American brig, which is since captured by a British frigate, the master and crew are in close confinement, the master is to be brought to town to-morrow, and will be tried by the marshall law; I am fearful he will die—It is very distressing to us Americans to see our countrymen thus situated." Telegraph.

Extract of a letter from York (Virginia) dated Dec. 29.

On Sunday night last a full discovery was made of the robberies committed on the Mail. John Goosely, son of Capt. George Goosely, and John Reynolds, son of Mr. William Reynolds, both of this place, were discovered to be the perpetrators.

The former has delivered up to the Post-Master General 3,760 dollars in bank notes, and also the letters he received from Reynolds, who wrote him not to let one mail pass without plundering it. The latter is in Philadelphia, and carred with him 5000 dollars. Goosely has made his escape, and an express has gone on to Philadelphia to apprehend Reynolds.

The Convention terminated its sitings as a constituting power on the 26th of October, by decreeing, on the proposition of eleven, that from the epoch of a general peace, the pain of death shall be abolished on the whole extent of the Republic.

The punishment of twenty five years in irons shall be provisionally substituted for the punishment of the guillotine.

All decrees of accusation, all prosecutions and judgments for facts merely relative to events of the revolution cease, from the 5th Brumaire, fourth year of the Republic (from October 27, 1795.) All those arrested in consequence of the same events, shall be immediately set free, unless they have been concerned in the conspiracy of October 6.

Extract of a letter from Stephen Cathalan, jun. Son of the late consul of the United States, at Marseilles, dated at that city, the twenty-fourth of Sept. '95.

Having mentioned the peace made between the United States and the dey of Algiers, Mr. Cathalan adds:—

"I hope then soon to see in this harbor many American vessels with flour and other articles, which will be sold advantageously here, tobacco excepted, as they have too much of this article now: I have sold yesterday a cargo of flour at 110 livres per barrel in specie. Tobacco at this moment wont fetch 30 livres per ql. in specie, Marseilles weight.

The following completes the list of the Acts passed by the Legislature of Virginia, at their November session, 1795.

60. *For appropriating the public revenue.*

61. *For giving further time to the owners of lots in the town of Cartersville, in Cumberland county, to build thereon, and for other purposes.*

62. *Altering the term of the annual meeting of the Dismal Swamp canal company.*

63. *To amend and reduce into one, the several acts for appropriating the public revenue.*

64. *To amend the act, entituled, An act appropriating certain public taxes to the opening a waggon road from the state road to the mouth of the river Kenhawa.*

65. *For placing Mary Cornhill on the list of pensioners.*

66. *Concerning the representatives of John Mecom, deceased.*

67. *Giving further time to the owners of lots in the towns of Centerville, and Louisburg, to build thereon,*

68. *To explain an act, entituled, An act for establishing a Mutual Assurance Society against fire on buildings in this state.*

69. *Concerning Joseph Biggs and Alexander Claggs.*

70. *To amend and reduce into one act, the several acts of Assembly for regulating the militia of this commonwealth.*

71. *To amend the several acts for regulating pilots, and ascertaining their fees.*

72. *For repairing the waggon road from Savage river, to Morgan town.*

73. *To elect trustees of the town of Staunton, and to amend the law respecting the same.*

74. *Supplemental to the act, entituled, An act to amend the act prescribing the mode of ascertaining the taxable property within the commonwealth, and of collecting the public revenue.*

75. *To establish several new ferries, and for other purposes.*

76. *To amend the act entituled, An act to reduce into one, the several acts concerning the establishment, jurisdiction, and powers of district courts.*

77. *To associate subscribers for the purpose of forming an artificial road from Alexandria to little river, and for other purposes.*

78. *To authorise the executive to advance money to William Hueston, and for other purposes.*

79. *To amend the act, entituled, An act to reduce into one, the several acts concerning slaves, free negroes, and mulattoes, and for other purposes.*

80. *To authorise the executive to procure arms for the defence of the commonwealth.*

81. *For completing the navigation of Potowmac River.*

82. *To incorporate the Library Society of the town of Petersburg.*

83. *To ascertain the salary of the judge of the high court of chancery.*

84. *To amend the act to reduce into one all acts and and parts of acts relating to the appointment and duties of sheriffs.*

PUBLIC SALES:

To-Morrow,

At X o'Clock,

WILL BE SOLD,

AT the Vendue Store, a general assortment of

DRY GOODS

without reserve—also, 180 pounds of hair powder, Brandy in pipes at 60 days—Havannah Sugar in boxes, Mould and Dip'd Candles in boxes, and a variety of other goods.

ROGERSON & BENT, V. M.

Jan. 7.

For Freight

THE SCHOONER

FELICITY

OF ALEXANDRIA.

SHE is a remarkable fine sailer, and those who please to employ her, may depend upon having their business done with punctuality and dispatch—For terms, apply to

EPHRAIM WEYLIE.

Alexandria, January 6, '96.

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post-Office, 1st January, 1796.

A. George Armistead, John Arnott.

B. John Brown, Capt. Brown, Philip Ball, Hance Baker, Aloysius & Joseph Boon, Samuel R. Bader, W. Brown, Henry Bowcock, Solomon Betton, John T. Brooks, Edward P. Ball, Asa Bacon.

C. Samuel Cather, William Council, Peter Catlett, Thomas Conn, Thomas Crandell, William Cummins, Samuel Carr, Lanty Crow.

D. John Duffey, John Devonshire, Benjamin Davis, David Davis, Thomas Dodg, Mungo Dykes.

E. John Eveleth.

F. Ann Farmer, Hannah Fitzgerald, Bryan Fairfax, Alexander Fowls.

G. George Gilpin, Mary W. Govane, Job Green, Charles M. Graham, Charles Gwinn, Thomas Gardner, Benjamin Gwinn.

H. John Hunter, William Hamilton, Mr. Hubble, Aaron Hewes, John Horner, Alexander Henderson, Jonathan Holmes, Alexander Hannah.

J. Mr. Johnson, Isaac Johnson, Casper Iserlone, Charles Jones.

K. Mrs. Kedey, James Kerr.

L. Henry Lee, Madame Leuder, Mr. Lorey, Isaac Lesley, John Lockwood, Thomas L. Lee.

M. George Moxley, Thomas M'Nutt, Anthony M'Daniel, James Marshall, James M'Henry, Jeremiah Mason, R'd Matthews, John Mason, William Miles, Samuel Moody, George Melburn.

N. Mr. Needhom.

O. Garret O'Doyle.

P. John Parker, James Plowman, Henry Peterson, William Prentice, Alexander Perry, Sally Parsons Robert Potter.

R. Captain Richardson, Benton Riggen, James Reid, William Redwood, Henry Rose, Mr. Rutter, Barton Roby, Harry Right, John Rhodes.

S. Richard Sharp, Mr. Strong, Jacob Shook, Samuel Suydam, William Smith, John Stockdell, Thomas Stewart, Edward Sanford, J and A Smith, William Summers, Matthew Sexsmith, Thomas Smoot, James Shropshire.

T. Ann Thomson.

W. Thomas West, James Wrenn, Philip Webster, Ephraim Weylie, Thomas Wilson, Abel Willis.

Y. Matthew Young, James Young.

Wanted to Hire

A NEGRO GIRL, who understands plain house work, and who can be well recommended for her honesty and sobriety. Apply to the Printer.

Alexandria, January 6, 1706.

Blank Bills of Exchange, &c. for sale at the Printing office.

A convenient and concise Calender for 1796.

	Sunday—	Monday—	Tuesday—	Wednes.	Thursday	Friday—	Saturday
January	●	0	0	0	0	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Feb.	31	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
March	28	29	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
April	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
May	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
June	29	30	31	1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
July	26	27	28	29	30	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
August	31	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Sept.	28	29	30	31	1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Oct.	25	26	27	28	29	30	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Nov.	30	31	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Dec.	27	28	29	30	1	2	8
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31

New Pork in barrels;

Tar in barrels;
Jamaica Rum in puncheons;
Cogniac Brandy in pipes,
For Sale by

Fletcher and Otway.

Dec. 28.

Lime-ston and Lime wanted.

THE Directors of the Potomack Company wish to purchase Three Thousand Cubic Feet of Lime-stone, each piece to be not less than two feet by four, nor less than four inches thick—also a quantity not less than Six Thousand Bushels of good unslacked Lime; to be delivered at the lower end of the Canal, at the Great Falls, one sixth part of each article before the 15th of March next; one sixth by the first of April following, and the remainder before the 15th of May next.—Those who wish to contract for either or both these articles, will please to send their proposals in writing to either of the Directors, at George-Town or Alexandria, before the first Monday in February next. The payments will be made agreeable to the sellers.

JOHN FITZGERALD, President.
G. GILPIN, } Directors at Alexandria.
J. KEITH, }
J. TEMPLEMAN, } Directors at George
T. LEAR, } Town.

Potomack Company.

THE Stockholders on the new subscription to the Potomack Company, are required to pay to *William Hartshorne*, Treasurer, on or before the first day of March next, ten pouns per cent. on the amount of each share by them held.

JOHN FITZGERALD, President.
GEORGE GILPIN,
JAMES KEITH,
JOHN TEMPLEMAN,
TOBIAS LEAR, } Directors.

Alex. Dec. 22, 1705.

I have now on hand, which I will

sell low for cash, viz. 8 by 10, 10 by 12 and 12 by 14 window glass, white soap of an excellent quality by the box, tanners,' lamp and linseed oil, by the barrel, one thousand gallons of Stone Ware assorted, with an assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery and painters' Colours

George Drinker.

Alexandria, 8mo. 17, 1795.

Poet's Corner.

Epitaph on a Stone-Mason, whose name was Stone.

JERUSALEM's curse is not fulfill'd in me,
For here a *stone* upon a *Stone* you see:
Of *Stone* I came, to *Stone* I turn'd my bride;
By *stone* I liv'd, and of the *stone* I died.

At a Court continued and held for Loudoun County, November 13th, 1795.

Thomas Blincoe, Complainant,
AGAINST
William Reed, Defendant. } In Chancery.

THE defendant not having entered his appearance and given security according to law and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of this court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth. It is ordered that unless he enter his appearance, and give security agreeably to law and the rules of this court, a decree shall be entered against him at March court, a decree shall be entered against him at March Court next, agreeable to the prayer of the Complainant's bill; and it is further decreed and ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, and published at the door of the Court House of the said County, for two months successively.

Test, C. BINNS. Clk.

At a Court continued and held for Loudoun County, the 11th day of November, 1795.

Francis Adam, Complainant,
VER.
Joel Beach and Charles Eskridge, Defendants. } In Chancery.

THE defendant Joel Beach, not having entered his appearance and given security, according to act of Assembly and the rule of this Court, and it appearing by affidavit that the said Joel Beach is not an inhabitant of this county, on the motion of the plaintiff by his council. It is ordered that the said defendant, do appear here on the first day of the next March Term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Newspaper, for two months successively, and published at the door of the Court House of this said County.

Test, CHARLES BINNS, Clk.
am.

At a Court continued and held for Loudoun County, November the 12th, 1795.

Leven Powell, Complinant,
AGAINST
Achiles Helm, commonly known by the name of Zachariah Helm, eldest son and heir at law, of Leonard Helm, deceased. Defendant. } In Chancery.

THE defendant not having entered his appearance and given security according to law and the rules of this Court, and it appearing, by an affidavit, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; it is ordered that unless he enter his appearance, and give security, according to law and the rules of this Court, a decree shall be entered against him at March Court next, agreeable to the prayer of the said complainant's bill; and it is further ordered and decreed that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, and published at the door of the Court-house of the said Count for twomonths successively.

C. BINNS, Clerk

In pursuance of a decree of the county court of Berkeley will be sold on the second Monday in March next, if fair, if not the next fair day, on the premises, for ready money,

Two thirds of Seventy acres of

Land lying on the Shanondoah River, near Keys's ferry on which there is a merchant mill; or so much thereof as will be of value sufficient to satisfy the claims of John Potts, and Elizabeth Osborne, amounting in the whole to about £.900 current money of Virginia, when due attendance will be given by

THOMAS RUTHERFORD,
GEORGE HITE,
JOHN DAVENPORT, } *Com'rs.*

Dec. 15.

ANDREW WALES

Takes this method of acquainting his friends and the public in general,

THAT HE HAS FOR SALE,
At his BREWERY,
STRONG & SMALL

B E E R.

He has also
GRAINS & YEAST
For Sale,
And continues to purchase Barley as usual.

N. B. Hops for sale by the bag or smaller quantity.

Alexandria, Dec. 6, '95.

Alexandria, Dec. 21, 1795.

Taken up, in this Town, a chest-

nut-sorrel MARE COLT, approaching two years old It is supposed to have come in with some waggon or market people. The owner may have the same by proving his property and paying charges, by applying to the subscriber, near W'm Bushby's, Fairfax-Street.

GARRET DAYLE.

Lands for Sale in Fairfax County

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of land measuring about 200 acres, lying on the Pimone run, about a mile from the Falls Church: the Road to the Great Falls goes through the middle of it: there are several good springs on it, and about sixty acres of the above land may be made into meadow. For terms apply to the subscriber, who wishes

To Rent or Sell,

The remainder of a lease of that beautiful villa, late the property of Robert Adams, deceased, about a mile from town: there has been a great deal of money laid out on these premises—it would be an excellent situation for any gentleman wishing to retire from town, or for a place of public entertainment, being delightfully situated on the banks of the Potomack. For terms apply to

ROBERT HENDERSON.

Dcember 17.

COMMENCED BREWING
AT THE
UNION BREW-HOUSE,

SOUTH End of the City of Alexandria, wher STRONG and TABLE BEER will be delivered to purchasers, beginning with the ensuing week.

Nov. 24.

For Sale.

LOAF and lump SUGAR by the hhd. or barrel,
Muscovado SUGAR by the hhd. or barrel,
Imperial and young Hyson TEAS by the chest or smaller quantity,
Jamaica and Antigua Rum by the hhd. or barrel,
Old Cogniac Brandy by the barrel or gallon,
Sherry, Lisbon and Malaga Wines in quarter casks,
Claret in cases of 2½ doz. each,
Bottled Porter by the barrel of 3 doz. each,
Molasses by the hhd. or barrel.
Glass ware assorted in barrels,
10 by 8 Window Glass,
Fig blue by the cag,
8d. 12d. and 20d. nails,
Leiper's Snuff in bottles,
Dutch Linens, &c.

Robert Allison.

JUST IMPORTED,
By POMERY & ISABELL,

In the Peggy, arrived at George-Town, which they now offer for Sale, at their Store in King-Street,
A neat Assortment of

Manchester Goods.

Of remarkably low Sterling prices;
A large, new and elegant assortment of

Gilt & plated, burnished & common Metal Buttons;

Handsome

New Carpeting;

A quantity of

Cotton and Worsted Hosiery:

These, and many other articles, they have on hand (as the Fall Season for selling is somewhat advanced) they are determined to render low, but they will make it an object worthy particular attention for Cash.

N. B. As Mr. Pomery, of this house, on his return from England, has arrived at the Northward, he is daily expected with an additional supply of Goods.

Alexandria, Nov, 12. 1795.

William I. Hall

Will have open and ready for sale in a few days, a large and excellent assortment of

FALL GOODS,

RECEIVED by the ships Sally and Alexandria, which he will sell at a reasonable advance, on the usual terms.

Alexandria, Oct. 7, 1795.

FALL GOODS.

JOSEPH RIDDLE and CO.

HAVE imported in the ship Alexandria, from Liverpool, a variety of WOLLENS:

ALSO,

Per the brig Eliza, Johnston, from London, printed cottons, shawls, threads, stuff Goods, silk do. hosiery, muslins, linens, watches, &c.

NOTICE.

ALL those who have any claims against the Estate of the late *Adam Shum*, are hereby notified to bring them in duly authenticated for settlement, and all those who are indebted, are requested to pay their respective balances immediately, as no farther indulgence can be given.

PRUDENCE SHUM, *Executrix.*

Alex. 24th Dec. 1795.

☞ NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of *Richard Lee*, late of Lee-Hall, in Westmoreland County are requested to bring them in, that they may be adjusted; and all persons who are indebted to said estate are desired to make payment to me.

RICHARD BLAND LEE,
Administrator.

Loudoun County, October 6, 1795.

Mandeville and Jamesson

HAVE for sale at their store on Fairfax street, the following articles, which they will dispose of by wholesale and retail, for cash or the usual credits, viz.

Jamaica and Windward Island Rum;
Cogniac Brandy;
Holland Geneva;
London bottled Porter;
Madeira, Sherry, Port, Claret, } *WINES Of the best quality in casks & bottles;*
Lisbon, Calcavella, Malaga, Teneriffe, } *Do. do. in pipes quarter casks;*
Muscovado Sugars in hhds. & barrels.
Loaf and lump do. in barrels;
Souchong, Hyson, } *TEAS of different qualities.*
Young Hyson, Imperial, } *Do. of the best do.*
Havannah Segars in boxes;
Bourbon Coffee, Green do, } *In bags and barrels.*
Coffee in bags;
Pepper in do.

Mace and ground ginger, nutmegs, mace, cinnamon, cloves and allspice, with a variety of pickles and mustard in bottles.

☞ *Wanted to hire*—An able bodied free man, as a Potter—good wages will be given and it is expected none

Apply who cannot give sufficient proof of sobriety and honesty.

Alexandria, Nov. 3, 1795.

Ten Dollars Reward

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, the 11th instant *a Negro Wench*, named JENNY, aged 17 years and about five feet two inches high, very black, speak fast, and thick. She was formerly the property of Mr Jon Watts, of this place, and since of Mr. W. Bird from whom the subscriber purchased her. She had on when she ran away a short calico jacket, chocolate ground with white spots, white linen petticoat, dark mixed ribb'd worsted hose, red and yellow checked cotton handkerchief, with green border. The above reward will be paid to whoever secures her so that I may get her again, if out of the county, or Five Dollars, if taken within the County, and all reasonable charges. Whoever harbours said Negro may expect to be prosecuted.

JOSEPH MANDEVILLE.

Alexandria, January 1, 1796.

Copper and Tin Manufactory.

JOHN BEALE

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has removed from the town of Lynchburg to his place in a house in King-street, two doors above M'Knight' tavern, where he intends to carry on his business in all its various branches, such as making and mending all kind of gold, silver, copper and tin work. He likewise tin old copper tea kettles, sauce-pans, &c. &c.

Articles in the above branches of his business, may be had either by wholesale or retail, and those who buy to sell again, will find it to their advantage to deal with him.

All kinds of plated work done on the shortest notice in the best manner, and warranted, such as bridle bit stirrup irons, buckles, tips and saddlebosses, made in the newest fashions; mill brands cut, either in copper or iron, China mended, and all kinds of bell metal, such as clock bells, ear bells for horses, and skillets; the bells he warrants to ring as well as ever they did.

MILL INKS

Made at the above shop, and at a moderate price The above articles will be done in a masterly manner.

☞ Also Clocks, Watches and Mathematical Instruments made and repaired in an elegant manner.

☞ He has on hand and now offers for sale, at a moderate price, at the above house, sundry articles of gold, silver, jewellery, copper, tin, and plate work, gilt watch chains, seals, keys, lockets, and breast pins.

The highest price given for old gold, silver, copper brass, pewter or lead.

FOR SALE,

By the subscriber, at his Store in Union street,

Old mellow Spirits by the hhd.

barrel, or smaller quantity;
London particular Madeira Wine on draft & in bottles;
Port do. do.
London Porter in bottles;
Loaf Sugar,
White Wine Vinegar in kegs of 18 gallons each, which articles he will dispose of on moderate terms for cash, or on a short credit.

JOHN M'IVER.

Alexandria, Dec. 8.

Alexandria, Dec. 15th, '95.

A Person, who has good recom-

mendations, wants employment in a Compting-House.—Enquire of the Printer.

December 29, 1795.